





UL325 compliant

UL991 compliant

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OH-200DC Installation Manual

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

To reduce the risk of injury:

READ THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS. DO NOT EVEN THINK OF STARTING UNTIL YOU HAVE READ AND UNDERSTAND THESE DIRECTIONS. IF THERE IS SOMETHING YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND CALL US.

Never let children operate or play with gate controls. Keep the remote control away from children.

Always keep people and objects away from the gate. No one should cross the path of the moving gate.

This operator must be tested monthly. The gate must reverse on contact with a ridged object or stop when an object activates the non-contact sensors. After adjusting the force or the limit travel, retest the gate operator. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator properly can increase the risk of injury.

Keep gates properly maintained. Have a qualified service person make repairs to gate hardware. It takes many years of experience to make proper adjustments to gate hardware or operators.

There is nothing on a gate operator that is easily repaired without a great deal of experience. Save yourself some time and call a qualified Gate Service Contractor who knows your type of gate operator.

INSTALL THE GATE OPERATOR ONLY WHEN YOU HAVE READ THE FOLLOWING:

- *Confirm that the gate operator being installed is appropriate for the application.
- *Confirm that the gate is designed and built according to current published industry standards.
- *Confirm that all appropriate safety features and safety accessory devices are being incorporated, including both primary and secondary entrapment protection devices.
- *Make sure that the gate works freely before installing the operator.
- *Repair or service worn or damaged gate hardware before installation of the operator.
- *Eliminate all gaps in a sliding gate below a 4 foot height that permits a 2 ¼ inch sphere to pass through any location, including the area of the adjacent fence covered when the gate is in the open position.
- *Eliminate all gaps in a swinging gate below a 4 foot height that permit a 4 inch sphere to pass through any location, including the hinge area of the gate.
- *Operator must be disconnected from the power source before attempting any installation of accessories.
- *Install this gate operator according to our installation instructions.
- *Adjust the operator clutch or load sensing device to the minimum force setting that will still allow for reliable gate operation.
- *Install the operator inside the fence line(do not install the operator on the public side of fence line).
- *Install a proper electrical ground to a gate operator.
- *Install controls where users cannot touch or reach through the gate to operate the controls.
- *Install all warning signs and take pictures of the installation.
- *Test all safety features for proper function before placing the automatic vehicular gate into service.
- *Train owner/users about basic functions and safety features of the gate system, including how to turn off the power and how to operate the manual disconnect feature.
- *Leave safety instructions, product literature, installation manual and maintenance manual with end user.
- *Explain to the owner/user the importance of routine service and retesting on a monthly basis.

DIFFERENT UL 325 CLASS TYPES

Class one: Residential

A vehicle gate operator intended for use at a home of one to four single family dwellings, garages or parking area.

Class Two: Commercial or General Public Access

A vehicular gate operator intended for use at a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel, garages, retail stores, other buildings servicing the general public.

Class three: Industrial or limited Access

A vehicular gate operator intended for use at an industrial location or building such as a factory, loading dock area, or other locations not intended to service the general public.

Class Four: Restricted Access

A vehicular gate operator intended for use at a guarded industrial location or building such as airport security areas or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public where unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

Other components required to satisfy UL 325

Each class must have a primary and secondary means to sense and react to obstructions within two seconds.

The six types of obstruction sensing systems are:

Type A:

Inherent obstruction sensing system. This system must sense and initiate the reverse of the gate within two seconds of contact with a solid object.

Type B 1:

Provision for connection of a non-contact device can be used, such as a secondary protection.

Type B2:

Provision for connection of a contact sensor. Examples include an edge device or equivalent. This can be used for secondary protection.

Type C:

Inherent adjustable clutch or pressure relief valve.

Type D:

Provision for connection of or provided with and actuation device requiring continuous pressure.

Type E

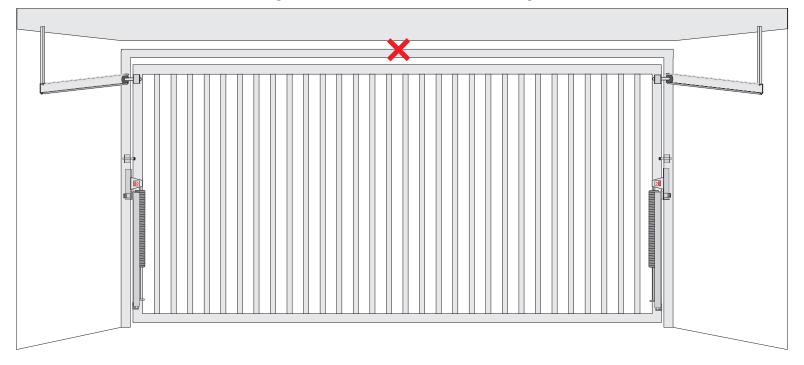
Inherent audio alarm.

All of All-O-Matic Inc's Gate operators conform to the most ridged Class One.

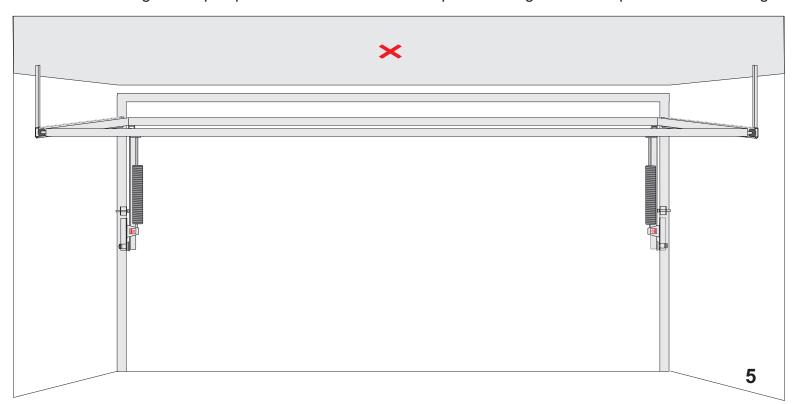
OPERATOR INSTALLATION

Note: Make sure the gate hardware is well balanced and the gate opens and closes smoothly.

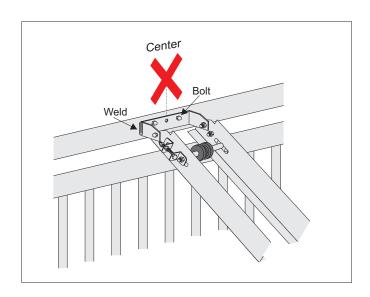
With gate closed, mark the center of the gate.



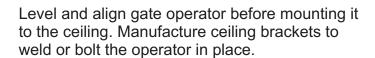
Lift gate to open position and mark the center point of the gate for the operator on the ceiling.

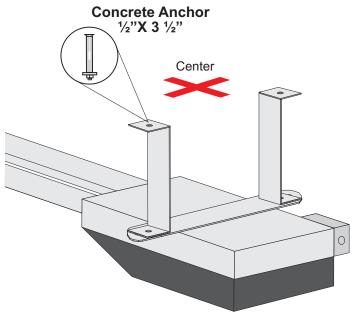


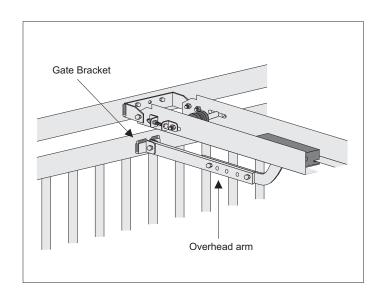
MOUNTING THE OPERATOR



Make sure end bracket is in the center of the opening. Bolt or weld the end bracket to wall. The operator bracket must be at least 2.5" above the gate.





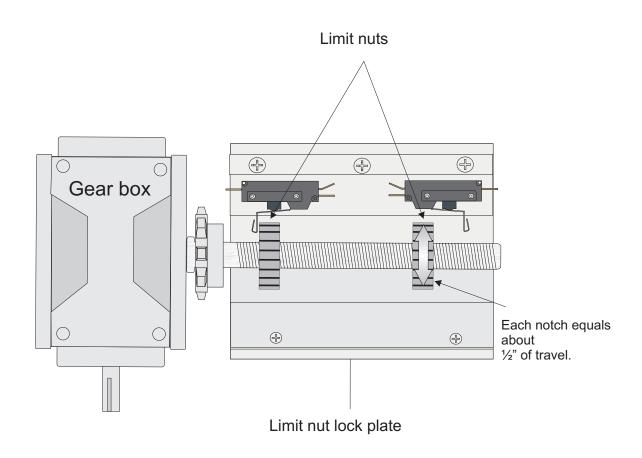


Weld gate bracket into place with overhead arm connected to insure alignment.

GATE TRAVEL ADJUSTMENT

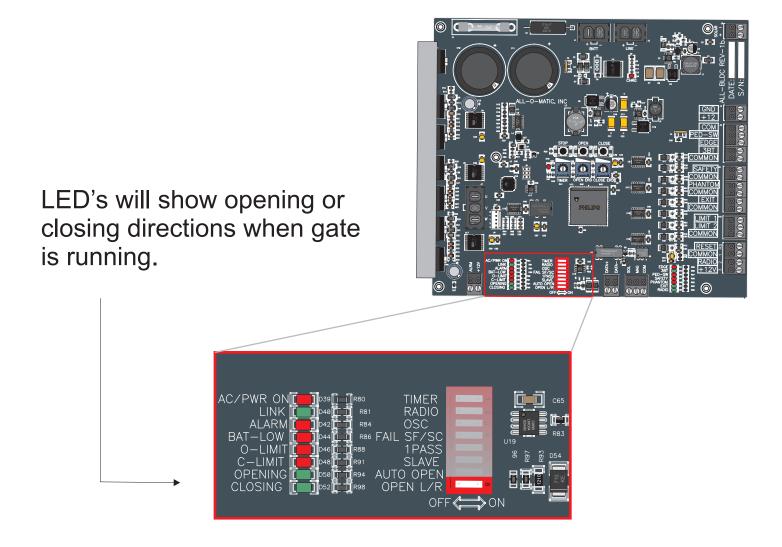
Locate limit switches

- Step 1: Stop the gate operator using the three button station on the board.
- Step 2: Push limit lock plate down. Turn limit nut in the desired direction.
- Step 3: Place limit plate to its locked position.
- Step 4: Run gate operator.
- Step 5: If more adjusting is needed, repeat steps 1-4.



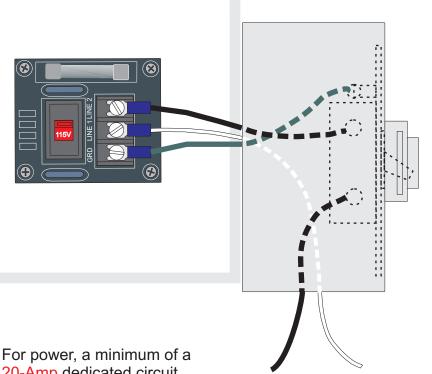
OPENING DIRECTION SETTINGS

The OPEN L/R dipswitch Must be set to the ON position on this operator(OH-200DC).



ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

OPERATORS MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED!





NOTE: When applying 230V to operator make sure voltage switch is flipped to 230V position.

20-Amp dedicated circuit breaker is needed.

For power wire enclosure use UL listed conduits.

Power connection | 220VAC Single Phase | 115VAC **115V HOT** 220V LINE 1 I INF 1

LINE 2 115V N 220V LINE 2

GND Connect to ground. Use a proper ground rod for a ground reference.

Use the shortest and thickest wire possible for ground.

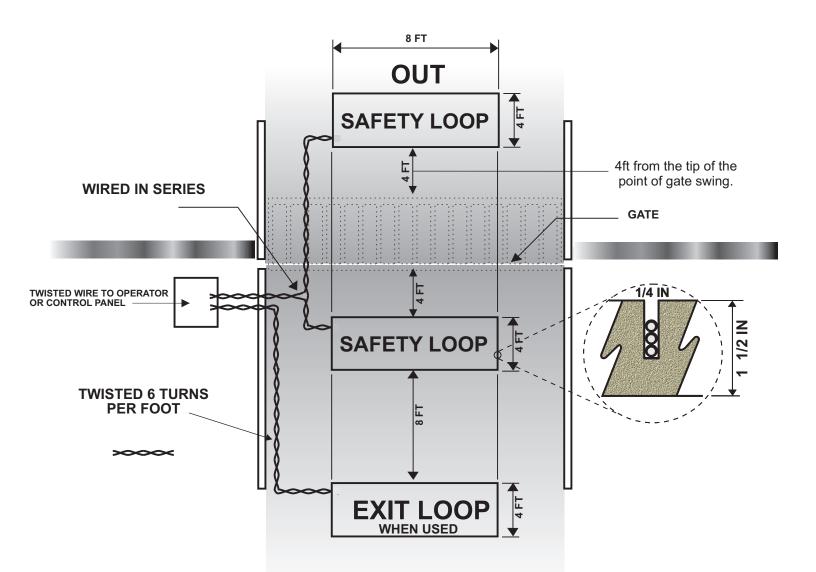
All gate operators MUST be properly grounded.

A proper ground in a gate operator installation minimizes or prevents damage from an electrical charge, such as a near lightning strike or an electrical static discharge.

Use a single wire for the ground. DO NOT splice two wires for the ground. If the wire breaks or is cut, replace it with a single length. **NEVER** use two wires for the ground.

Check with your City code for proper earth ground rod type and proper grounding procedures.

TYPICAL LOOP LAYOUT



This is a normal loop layout. Remember when connecting to an All-O-Matic circuit board you use the **normally closed contacts** for your safety loop detector and **normally open contacts** from the exit loop. You must twist your wires from your exit point of the saw cut all the way to the circuit board, no exceptions.

GENERAL LOOP INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

The following loop installation guidelines are for installing typical driveway loops for access control applications (i.e. parking gates, sliding gates, swing gates etc...) Always consult with loop detector manufacturers for specific equipment guidelines. This will confirm that the proper configuration and installation techniques are properly applied for your application.

Useful information about inductive loops:

- A. The typical sensing height is 2/3 of the shortest leg of loop (in feet) Therefore a 4' x 8' loop typically has a detection height of 2.6'.
- B. The inductance of a conventional four-slide loop can be estimated using the formula:

 $L = P \times (T^2 + T) / 4$

Where L = Loop Inductance in microHenries

P = Loop Perimeter in feet

T = Number of turns of wire in saw slot

TWISTED 6

TURNS

PER FOOT

1/4" Feeder Slot

Driveway loop

Therefore a 4' x 8' loop with 3 turns would be:

$$L=(4 + 8 + 4 + 8) \times (3^2 + 3) / 4$$

$$L=24 \times (9 + 3) / 4$$

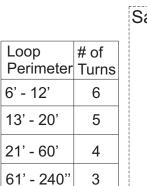
 $L=24 \times 3$

L=72 microHenries

Suggested guidelines for loop installation:

Loop wires should be twisted 6 turns per foot, and twisted from saw slot to the detector. If possible start twisting the wires from the edge of the loop.

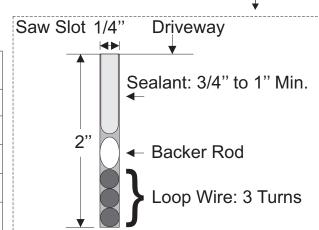
All 90 degree corners should be chamfered so that the course of the wire does not change direction sharply but rather at shallower angles of 45 degrees or less. Core drilling of the corners achieves the same effect but can still lead to failure due to sharp edges remaining in the corner area.



2

241 & Up

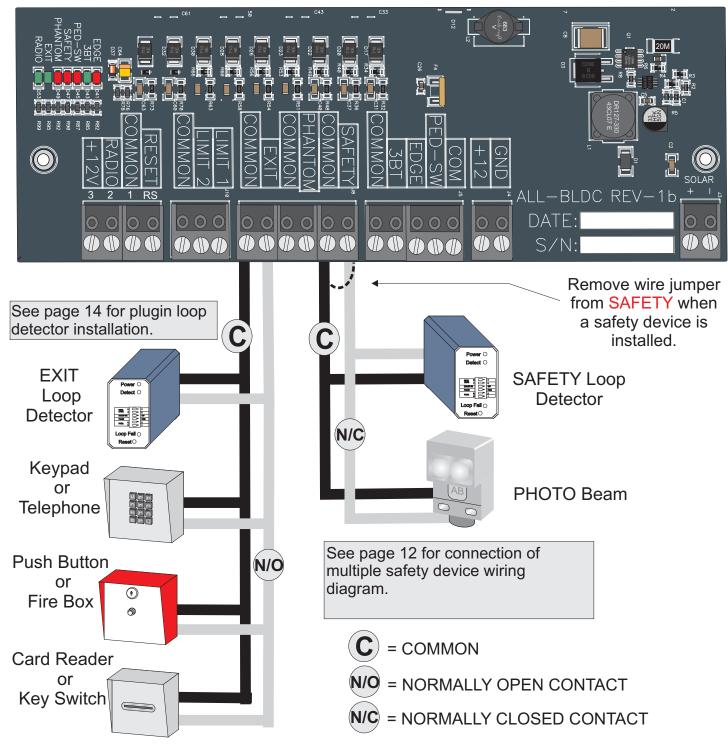
45°— Angles



ACCESSORY CONNECTIONS

The circuit board 12-VDC output provides up to 500 mAmps of power for accessories. More than two or three accessories will require a separate power supply.

NOTE: 12VDC Accessories only.



MULTIPLE SAFETY DEVICES CONNECTIONS

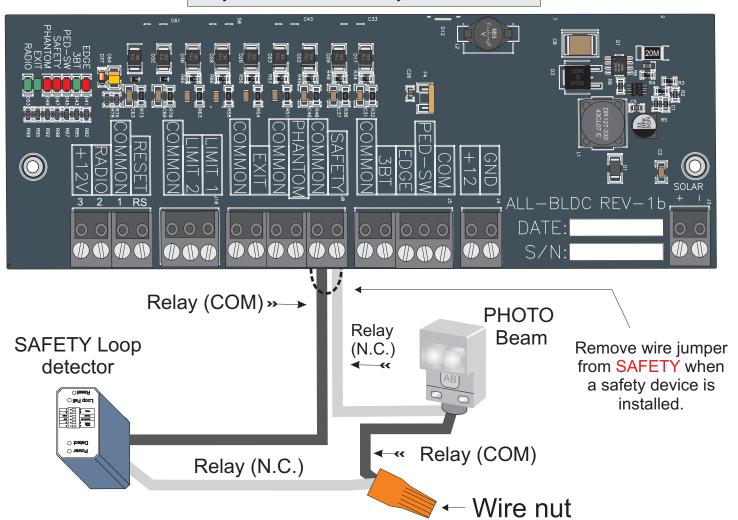
Multiple SAFETY devices installed together must be connected "in series". Locate the normally closed (N.C.) dry contact from each accessory relay. Before installing the accessory devices, remove the wire jumper from the SAFETY position on the control board.

Safety wire connections

From Accessory #1 To Connecting pin		From Accessor	From Accessory #2 To Connecting pin	
Relay Com	To COMMON	Relay N.C.	To SAFETY	

From Accessory #1 to Accessory #2

Relay N.C. To Relay COM



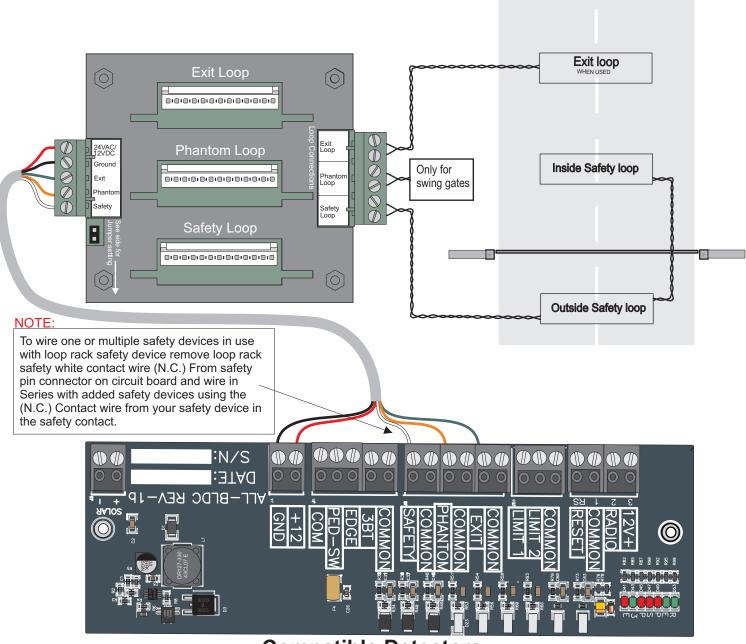
This diagram is for the relay wires of the safety devices, two wires to the board connections (one from each device) and two wires to the orange wire nut.



LPR-1 LOOP RACK INSTALLATION

This is a typical loop configuration for a gated driveway. Remember when connecting to an All-O-Matic circuit board the safety (reverse) uses <u>normally closed contacts</u> from the loop detector, the wire jumper from the safety connector needs to be removed when a safety loop is inatalled.

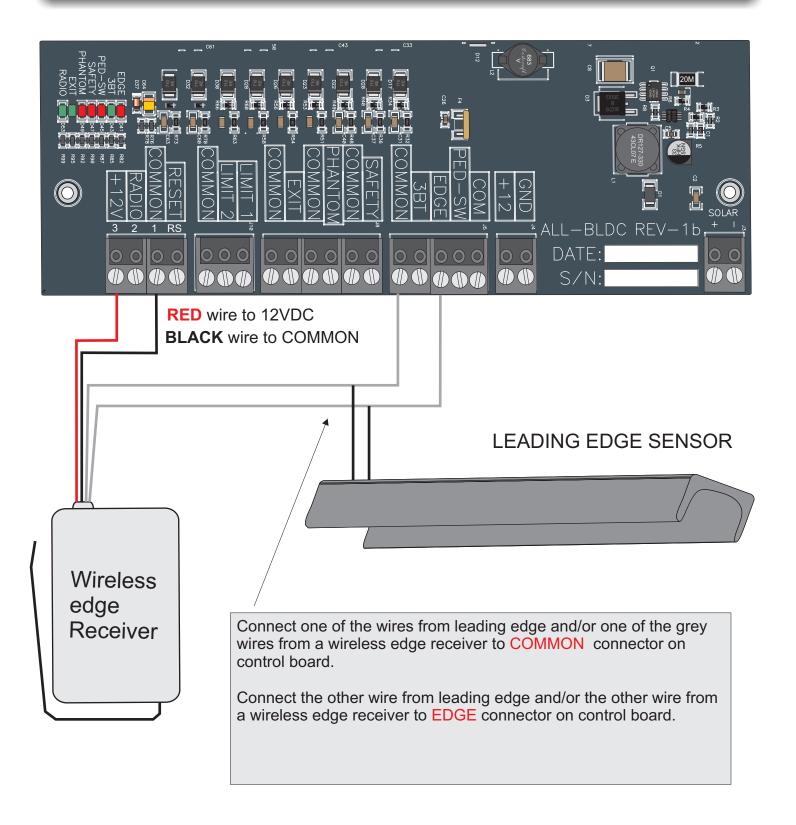
You must twist your wires from your exit point of the saw cut all the way to the loop detectors, no exceptions.



Compatible Detectors

Brand	Model No.	Jumper setting	
Reno A&E	H2		OFF
EDI	LMA-1500-LP		OFF
Diablo Controls	DSP-40S	• •	ON

LEADING EDGE CONNECTION



THREE BUTTON STATION SYSTEM

See push button connections below.



A three button station was integrated on the board to make adjustments easier when setting limit switches and adjusting ERDs.

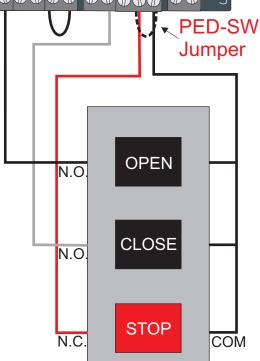
STOP OPEN CLOSE FOOL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

Connect the COMMON from all the push buttons to COMMON input on the board.

Connect OPEN push button N.O. contact to EXIT input on the board.

Connect CLOSE push button N.O. contact to 3BT input on the board.

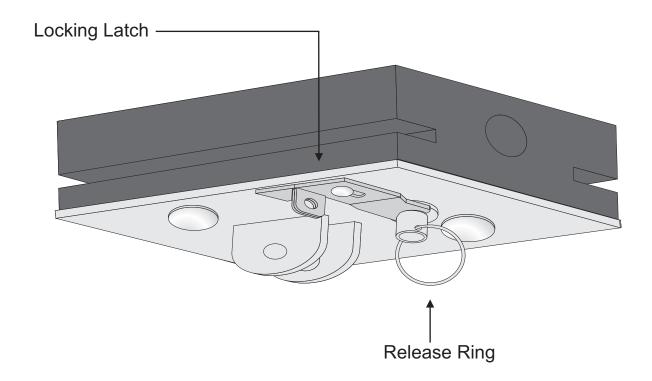
Connect STOP push button N.C. Contact to PED-SW input on the board and remove PED-SW jumper.



EMERGENCY RELEASE

To manually release pull locking latch to the side and pull release ring downward with a slit pull backward to disengage from lock pin.

Make sure gate is in full open position to avoid gate from coming down if not well balanced .



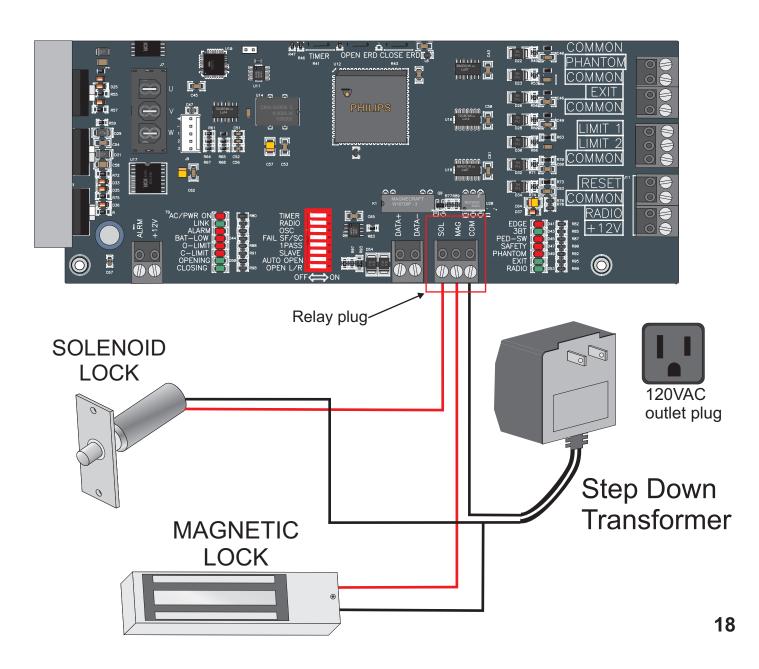
NOTE: To avoid serious injury disengage gate only when in the close position or gate is clear of persons and obstructions.

MAGNETIC/SOLENOID LOCK CONNECTIONS

Magnetic lock installation requires a step down transformer with appropriate voltage for the specific lock accessory. Operator will provide a 120VAC outlet for the step down transformer.

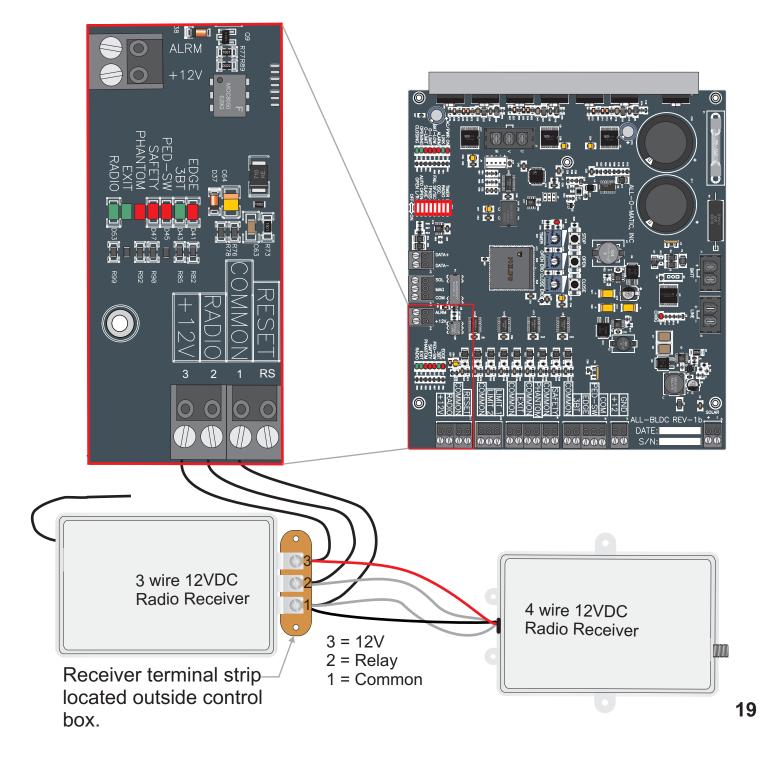
Connections: Plug the lock device transformer to the 120VAC outlet plug. **For Magnetic lock:** Connect one wire from transformer directly to one wire of the magnetic lock, the other wire from transformer will be connected to the relay plug COM input and the MAG relay output connects to the other wire of the magnetic lock. See illustration below.

For Solenoid lock: Connect one wire from transformer directly to one wire of the solenoid lock, connect the other wire from transformer to the relay plug COM input and the SOL relay output connects to the other wire of the solenoid lock. See illustration below.

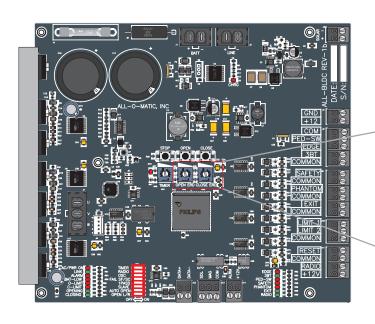


RADIO RECEIVER CONNECTIONS

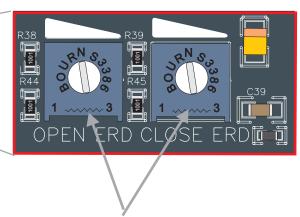
- 3 wire receiver: mounts on receiver strip outside control box as shown below.
- 4 wire receiver: connect the two relay wires to 1 & 2 terminals. Black negative wire to terminal
- 1 and Red positive wire to terminal 3 on receiver strip outside control box as shown below.



OPEN AND CLOSE ELECTRONIC REVERSING SENSOR(ERDs) ADJUSTMENT



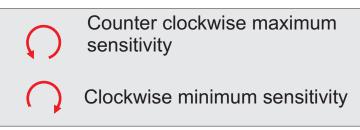
Open and Close ERD SENSITIVITY MAX MIN MAX MI



ERD'S must be adjusted by qualified technician.

The gate operator ERDs must be adjusted so that the gate provides regular, reliable and safe cycles.

ERD must be checked every six months.



When gate stops and reverses by itself, the ERD is too sensitive.

The gate must stop and reverse when it hits an obstruction or the ERD is not sensitive enough.

TIMER ADJUSTMENT

TIMER ON: Timer to close, can be set from 1 to 60 seconds.

TIMER OFF: Gate operation is push button to open, push button to close.

TO OVERRIDE THE TIMER: Turn the RADIO switch to the "ON" position.

This will allow the radio receiver to close the gate before the timer.

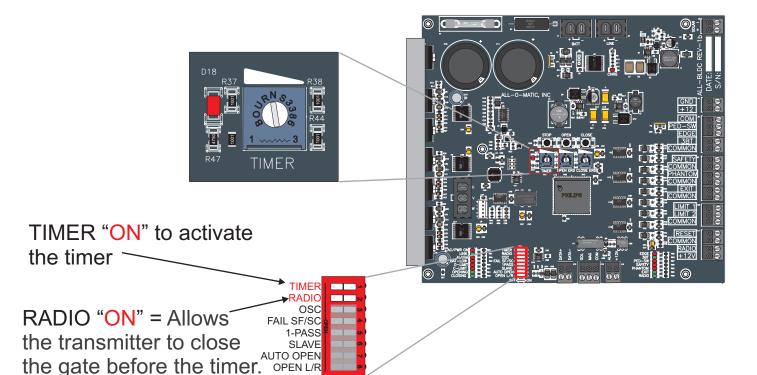
TIMER ADJUSTMENT



Turn potentiometer counter clockwise for more time.

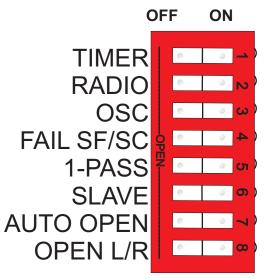


Turn potentiometer clockwise for less time.



OFF**←→**ON

DIP SWITCH FUNCTIONS



TIMER

TIMER switch "**ON**" activates the TIMER. See page 21 for details

RADIO

RADIO switch "ON" allows the radio receiver to override the timer. See page 21 for details.

<u>OSC</u>

OSC switch "**ON**" allows the radio receiver to stop and reverse the gate in any direction. During a cycle the first signal stops gate, a second signal reverses gate.

FAIL SF/SC

This is to set the operator as fail-safe or fail secure. **ON** for **Fail-safe**: on power failure, board will monitor battery voltage to make sure gate opens before battery drains out completely. **OFF** for **Fail-secure**: on power failure gate will run until battery is low and stay close.

1-PASS

This is a true one pass, anti-tailgating feature. This feature may only be used with safety loops. With this switch in the "**ON**" position, the gate will open until one car passes the safety loops then it will stop and close. If a second car pulls on the loop the gate will stop the car must then back off the loop before the gate will close.

SLAVE

This feature is used on master/slave setups. Set slave switch "**ON**" on slave machine, all other switches "**OFF**". Set slave switch to the "OFF" position on master machine. Set other function switches on master machine as desired. See page **17** for more details on master/slave connections and settings.

AUTO OPEN

This feature is to automatic open the gate on power interruption. It is a very particular feature used in areas where the fire department requires the gate to open automatically after a power outage. Set this dip switch "ON" when this feature is desire.

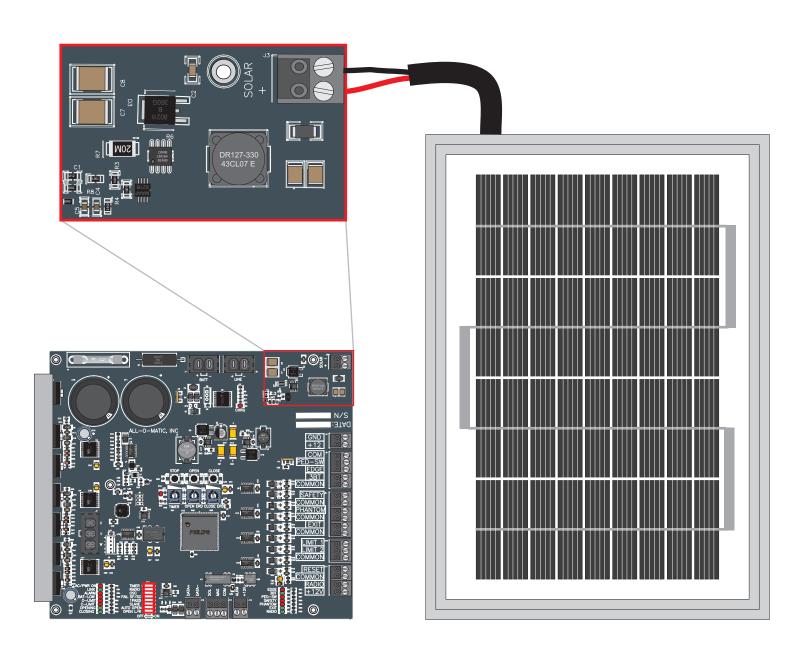
OPEN L/R

This feature is to set the direction the operator will open. See page 8 for details.

SOLAR PANEL CONNECTION

The solar panel input will take a 12VDC panel or two 12VDC panels wired in sires to make 24VDC. The charging circuit is limited by 1 Amp max.

NOTE: For information on what solar panel to use on any other type of installation call ALL-O-MATIC for Assistance.



LED DIAGNOSTICS

AC/PWR ON: Will be lit when AC power is ON.

M/S LINK: Will be lit when master/slave communication is active.

ALARM: Two states.

1st state: LED will blink(horn will beep also) every 30 seconds when battery is low, bad or disconnected.

2nd state: LED will turn on for 5 minutes when operator goes on shut down mode do to the gate hitting an obstruction(E.R.D.). Also, the horn will go off for 5 minutes.

LOW BATTERY: Three states.

1st state: LED will be on solid when battery is low.

2nd state: LED will blink slow(about every 2 seconds) when an overload occurs(over

current).

3rd state: Will blink fast(abouty every ½ second) when gate is jammed or motor sensors

Are not responding or disconnected.

OPEN-LIMIT: LED will be on while limit nut is against open limit switch.

CLOSE-LIMIT: LED will be on while limit nut is against close limit switch.

OPENING: LED will be on while operator is in the open cycle(running open).

CLOSING: LED will be on while operator is in the close cycle(running close).

RADIO: LED will turn on while radio input is activated(closed circuit to COMMON).

EXIT: LED will turn on while EXIT input is activated (closed circuit to COMMON).

PHANTOM: LED will turn on while PHANTOM input is activated (closed circuit to COMMON).

SAFETY: LED will turn on while SAFETY input is activated(circuit is open from COMMON).

PED-SW: LED will turn on while PED-SW input is activated(circuit is open from COMMON).

3BT: LED will turn on while 3BT input is activated(closed circuit to COMMON).

EDGE: LED will turn on while EDGE input is activated (closed circuit to COMMON).

TIMER LED: LED will blink when timer is counting (on the open position only).

CHRG: LED turns on when battery is charging.

OVERHEAD DIMENSIONS

