

Swing and Slide Gate Operator UL 325 and ASTM F2200 Site Planning Safety Checklist

Name:		Phone:		
Address:				
City/State/ZIP:		Email:		
Satisfactory		Needs Repair/Replacement		
	Simple steps to quickly determing	ne if an End Hser's (
UL 325 Standard	omple dtope to quierty determi	no ir air Ena odor o g	gato oporator lo daro.	
	omponent:	Result (Circle)	Comments:	Figures (On Back)
	irrent UL 325 standards (check operator label)	Pass / Fail	Comments.	riguies (On Back)
Proper gate warning signs attached		Pass / Fail		1,4
	by 2 safety devices/obstruction tested	Fass/Fall		1,4
		Pass / Fail		1,44
Close Side (circle two) Photo E Open Side (circle two) Photo E	,	Pass / Fail		
Other Entrapment Areas	ye Neversing Luge initiatent Neverse	Pass / Fail		
UL 325 Installation Class (circle or	ne) I II III VI	. 400 / . 4		
•	,	o riok of injury		
ASTM F2200 Standards	object can be caught or held in a position that increases th	e risk of injury		
	Constructed with Safety in mind. ASTM F2200 Stand	dards are followed		
	omponent:	Result (Circle)	Comments:	Figures (On Back)
All Gates	omponent.	nesuit (Gircle)	Comments.	rigules (Oli Back)
	o protrusions exceed 1/2" beyond base of gate	Pass / Fail		5
All access controls at least 6 ft. fro		Pass / Fail		1,4
Barbed tape (razor wire) at least 8 ft. above grade		Pass / Fail		1,7
Barbed wire at least 6 ft. above grade		Pass / Fail		
Separate pedestrian gate – out of reach of a moving gate – vehicular gate is for automotive traffic only		Pass / Fail		1,4
Gate does not move on its own if d	lisconnected from operator	Pass / Fail		
Gates prevented from falling over i	f disconnected from supporting hardware	Pass / Fail		
SWING				
Distance from pivot point to colum	n edge is less than 4 in.	Pass / Fail		4
Distance from open gate to wall or entrapment protection is provided	column greater than 16 in. or external	Pass / Fail		4
SLIDE				
Roller covers on wheels		Pass / Fail		1
Meshing installed up to 6 ft. above greater than 2 1/4 in. apart	grade if pickets spaced equal to or	Pass / Fail		3
Gap between gate and fence post less	than 2 1/4 in. & gap protected with safety device	Pass / Fail		2
Positive stops at both fully open ar	nd fully closed positions	Pass / Fail		1
Receiver guides recessed behind re-	ceiver post for receiver guides less than 8 ft.	Pass / Fail		
Other:		Pass / Fail		
Please Print First & Last Name of Dealer:		First & Last Name of	f Installer:	
Name of Dealership:		Phone:		
Dealership Address (Street Addr	ess/City/State/Zip):			
Dealer Signature:		Installer Signature:		



Customer Signature:

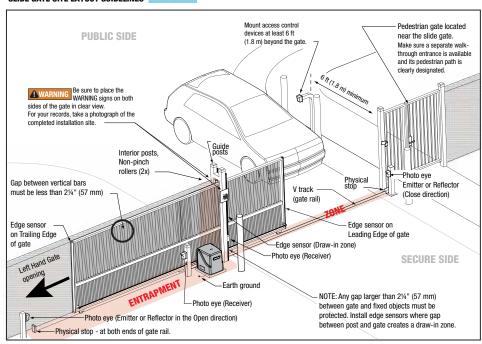
GETTING STARTED WITH SWING AND SLIDE GATE OPERATOR.

Always design, install and maintain safe gate access systems in accordance with UL 325 & ASTM F2200 standards.

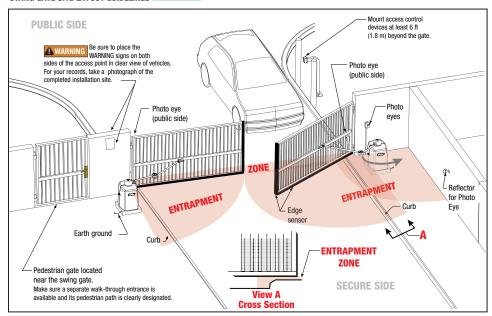
- Only install the operator on gates used for vehicular traffic.
- A separate pedestrian entry/exit must be clearly visible to promote pedestrian usage and located so pedestrians do not come in contact with the vehicular gate while it is moving.
- Install two independent[†] entrapment protection devices protecting each entrapment zone.
- Pickets of a slide gate must be designed or screened to prevent persons from reaching through, or passing through a gate.
- Every Installation is unique. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure all entrapment zones are protected with a minimum of two independent[†] entrapment protection devices.
- Beginning August 1, 2018, for a slide gate operator to function. the operator will require a minimum of two independent[†] monitored safety entrapment protection devices in each direction: two in the open direction, two in the close direction.

[†]Independent the same type of device shall not be utilized for both entrapment protection devices.

SLIDE GATE SITE LAYOUT GUIDELINES FIGURE 1



SWING GATE SITE LAYOUT GUIDELINES FIGURE 4

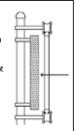


**Swing Gate Entrapment Zones: Locations between a moving gate or moving, exposed operator components and a counter opposing edge or surface where entrapment is possible up to 1.8m (6 ft) above grade. Such locations occur if during any point in travel: a) The gap between the bottom of a moving gate and the ground is greater than 101.6mm (4 in) and less than 406mm (16 in); or b) The distance between the center line of the pivot and the end of the wall, pillar, or column to which it is mounted when in the open or closed position exceeds 101.6mm (4 in). Any other gap between a moving gate and fixed counter opposing edges or surfaces or other fixed objects is less than 406mm (16 in) (examples are walls, curbs, berms, or other immovable objects).

SLIDE GATE SPACING GUIDELINES FIGURE 2

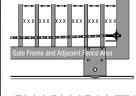
Slide Gate Gaps

A gap, measured in the horizontal plane parallel to the roadway, between a fixed stationary object nearest the roadway (such as a gate support post) and the gate frame when the gate is in either the fully open position or the fully closed position, shall not exceed 2 1/4 in.. Exception: All other fixed stationary objects greater than 16 in, from the gate frame shall not be required to comply with this section. Any gap must be protected. Install safety device to protect draw-in zone



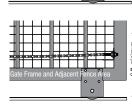
SLIDE GATE OPENINGS GUIDELINES FIGURE 3

Openings of a horizontal slide gate must be smaller than 2 1/4" or else be quarded or screened. These design rules apply to both the moving gate as well as the portion of adjacent fence that the gate covers in the open position. See Illustrations



If gaps (xxx) between vertical bars of the gate or fence are less than 2 1/4", no further screening is required.

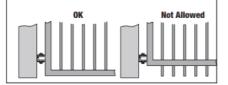
For gaps (xxx)



equal to or larger than 2 1/4" a wire mesh screen must be applied to the gate. Wire mesh screen openings must be smaller than 2 1/4". The minimum height of wire mesh screen 6 ft. above grade.

Base of Swing and Slide Gate FIGURE 5

All Gates must have smooth bottom edges, no protrusions should exist. If gate hardware or sensors protrude, they must have smooth surfaces free of any sharp cutting edges that do not exceed 1/2 inch beyond the base of the gate.



Definitions

Entrapment: The condition when a person is caught or held in a position that increases the risk of injury.

Slide Gate Entrapment Zones: An entrapment zone exists if at

any point during travel, the gap between the moving gate and fixed counter opposing edges or surfaces is less than 406 mm (16") in a location up to 1.8 m (6ft.) above grade.



The above examples are two of many installation possibilities and are for illustration purposes only. See device and operator manuals for complete instruction. Visit DAMSA.com for more information.